

Patient Centered Research: The Audiology Experience

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Patient Centered Research?

- Who are we?



- What do we do?



- *A.I. duPont Hospital for Children*
- *The Clinic for Special Children:*
Collaborating to improve
children's lives



Nemours – a children’s health system

- **1936 - Alfred I. duPont
American industrialist**
- **1940 - Opened as 60-bed
hospital for children with
orthopedic conditions**



Nemours/Alfred I. duPont Hospital for Children

- 1985 –200-beds
 - full range of pediatric specialties
- Caring for 250,000 children annually in:
 - Delaware Valley
 - Florida
- 2012 - Nemours Children's Hospital to open in Orlando



Nemours/Alfred I. duPont Hospital for Children

- Expansion of facilities
 - to open 2014
 - 250 single-bed rooms
 - New, larger ED
 - New PICU
 - 188-space underground parking garage
 - Rooftop helipad
 - Five-story atrium entrance and welcome center



Department of Otolaryngology

Dr. Robert O'Reilly

Audiology Clinic

Dr. Yell Inverso

Auditory Physiology and Psychoacoustics Research Laboratory

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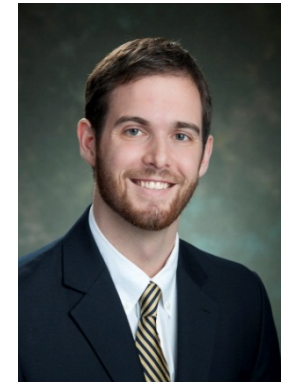
Douglas Johnston, MD



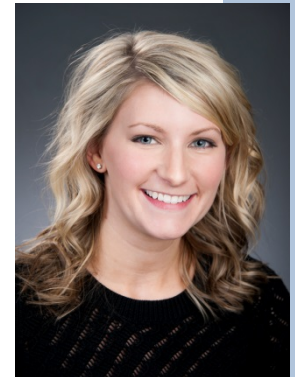
Heather Nardone, MD



Katie Bacik, PA-C



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Erin Field, PA-C

Audiology Clinic



Yell Inverso, PhD



Liesl Looney, Aud

Thomas Jefferson University Dept. of Otolaryngology



Mindy Rabinowitz, MD PGY-4



Clinical Audiology



Nemours Alfred I. duPont
Hospital for Children



Full-Spectrum Pediatric Audiology Services

- **12 Audiologists, 2 Audiology Assistants, 1 Audiology Doctoral Extern & 3 support staff**
- **Comprehensive Behavioral Hearing Evaluations**
 - Visual Reinforcement Audiometry
 - Conditioned Play Audiometry
 - Standard Behavioral Audiometry
- **Distortion Product and Transient Evoked Otoacoustic Emission Testing**
- **Sedated and un-sedated Auditory Brainstem Response Testing (Diagnostic and Newborn Screening)**
- **Comprehensive Middle Ear Diagnostic Evaluations**

Audiologic Specialty Care

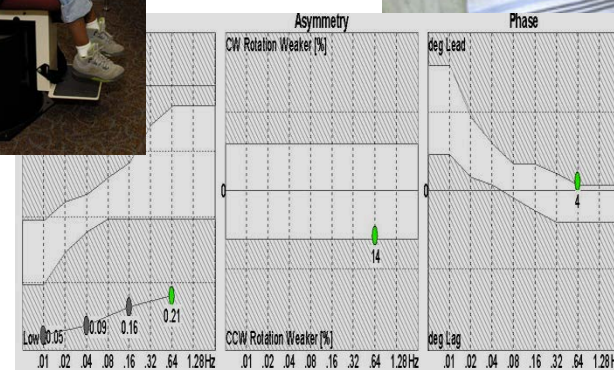
- Cochlear Implant Program
- Central Auditory Processing Disorders (CAPD) Program
- Pediatric Amplification and Assistive Listening Devices Program
- Auditory Neuropathy Spectrum Disorders Program
- Pediatric Vestibular Program



Pediatric Vestibular Program

Vestibular Evoked Myogenic Potential (VEMP)

- 500 Hz tone burst (75-95 dB HL air or 66 dB pip bone)
- Tonic SCM contraction = EMG 50-250 microvolts
- 80-100 samples averaged



Rotary Chair Testing (RC)

- 0.01, 0.04, 0.16, 0.64 Hz at max velocity 50 deg/s
- Gain, Phase, Assymetry

Video Nystagmography Test Battery (VNG)

- IR system to record corneal movement
- Saccades, Pursuit, OPK
- Spontaneous, positional, positioning nystagmus
- Air induced binaural, bithermal, calorics



Pediatric Vestibular Program

■ Computerized Dynamic Posturography (CDP)

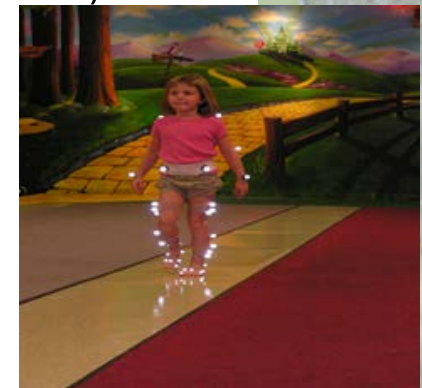
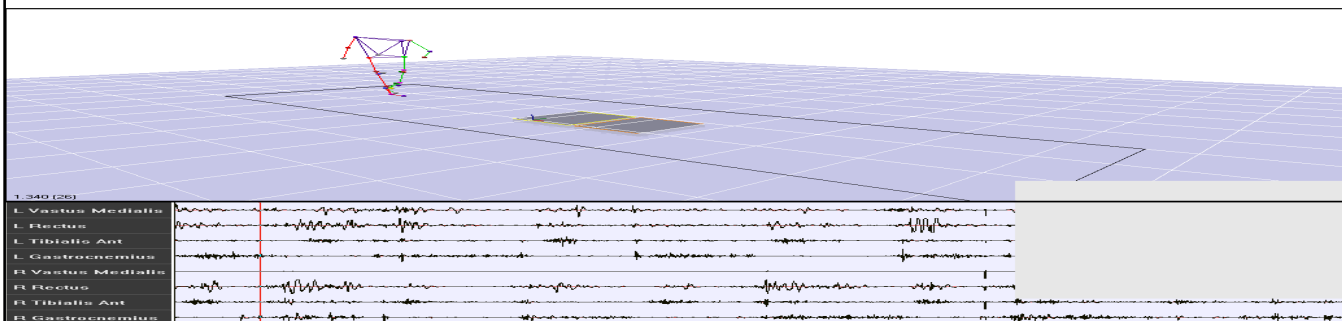
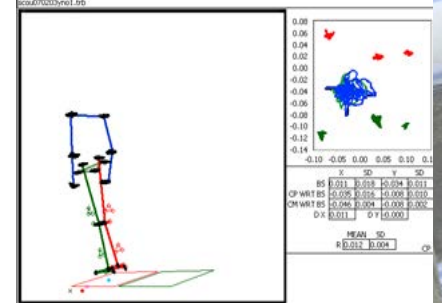
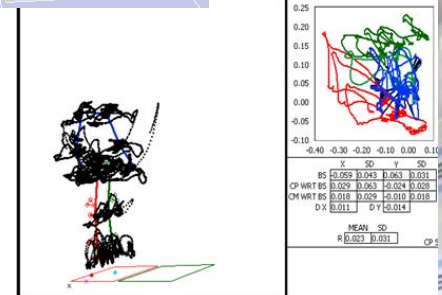
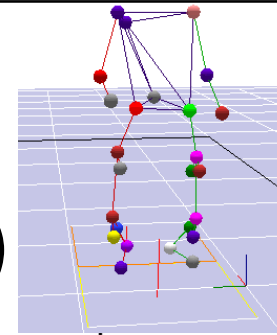
- Limits of stability using 8 standard trials
- Reaction time, movement velocity, endpoint excursion, max excursion, directional control

■ Gross Motor Development

- Peabody Developmental Scale (<4 yrs)
- Bruininks-Ostresky Test Motor Proficiency

■ Full Gait Analysis

- Dynamic balance kinetics and kinematics
- Position / movement CM walking straight line (60 Hz data collection)
 - Self selected speed for 9 meters



Auditory Physiology and Psychoacoustics Research Laboratory



Thematic

- **Development of Efferent Auditory Pathways:
Cortical control of the auditory periphery**
- **Speech processing at the cortical level (Quiet and noise)**
- **Auditory and Vestibular impairment**
 - Otoacoustic Emissions
 - Suppression of Otoacoustic Emissions
 - Evoked Potentials:
 - Auditory Brainstem Responses
 - Middle Latencies
 - Cortical Potentials (Speech/noise)

Specific Studies

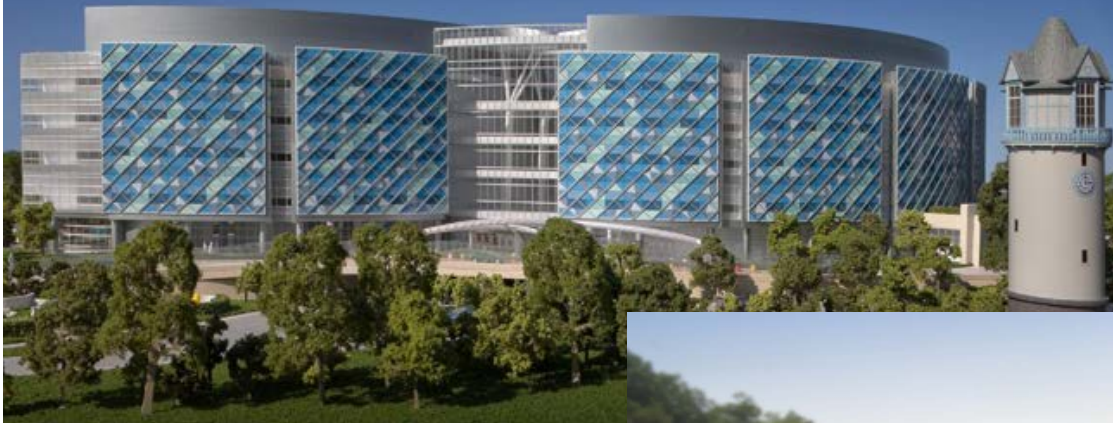
- **Auditory Processing Disorders and Specific Language Impairment:**
 - Efferent function and Hemispheric specialization
- **Friedreich Ataxia**
 - Auditory, Speech and Vestibular functions
- **Rett Syndrome**
 - Auditory function
- **Late Onset Hearing Loss**
- **Vestibular Compensation**
- **Inner Ear Malformation**
- **Noise Induced Hearing Loss**
- **Auditory Neuropathy Spectrum Disorder**
-

Defining Community Needs



Collaborate to Improve Patient Care

A.I. DuPont Hospital for Children



“Start With a Healthy Child”



Create a Medical Home

Build Clinical Services



Link Services to Research



Translate Research into Practice

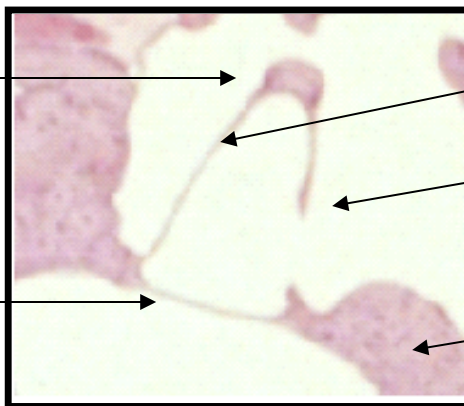


Translate Research into Practice: Otosclerosis

Normal

Stapes suprastructure

Stapes footplate at oval window

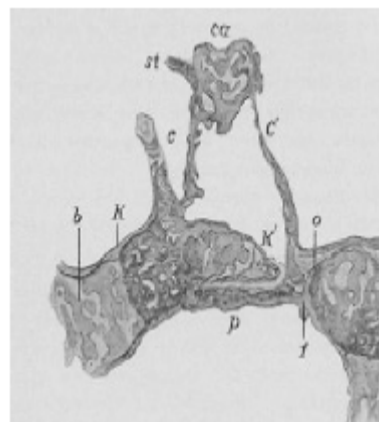
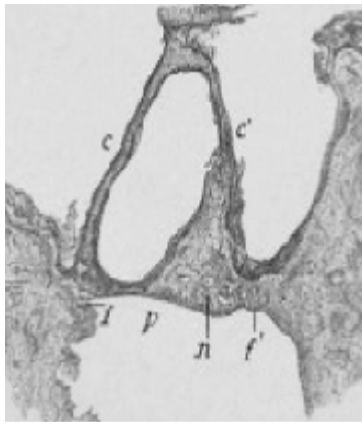
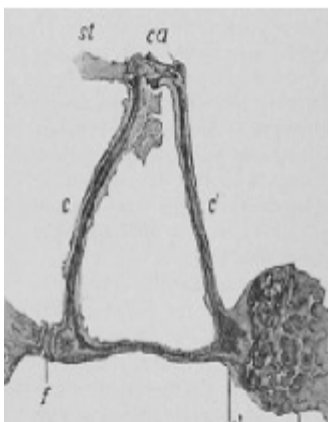


Posterior crura

Anterior crura

Fissula ante fenestram

Otosclerosis



Fixation disturbs transmission of sound waves through middle ear ossicles, resulting in a CHL

Epidemiology

Prevalence

Caucasians

0.3-0.4%

Tunisians

0.4-0.8%

Asians/Blacks/Native
Americans

~0%

Age of Onset

- 3rd decade (late teens – 6th decade)

Gender

- Female:Male= 2:1 (Clinical Otosclerosis)

Laterality

- 70–80 % bilateral

Ealy, Smith. 2009

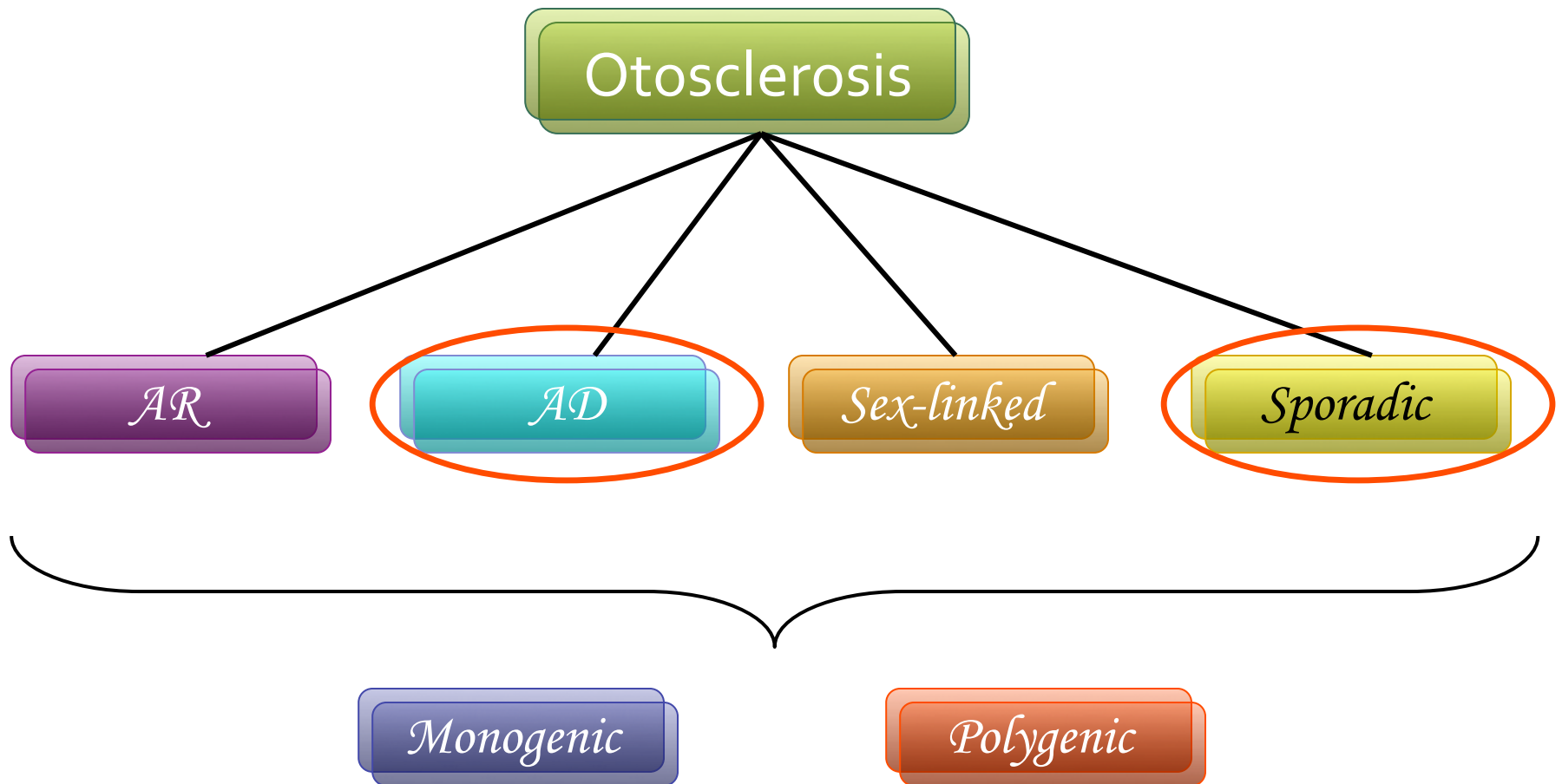
Thys, Van Camp. 2009

Markous, Goudakos. 2009

Csomor, Sziklai, Karosi. 2012

Moumoulidis, Axon, Baguley, 2007

Modes of Inheritance



Modes of Inheritance

Otosclerosis

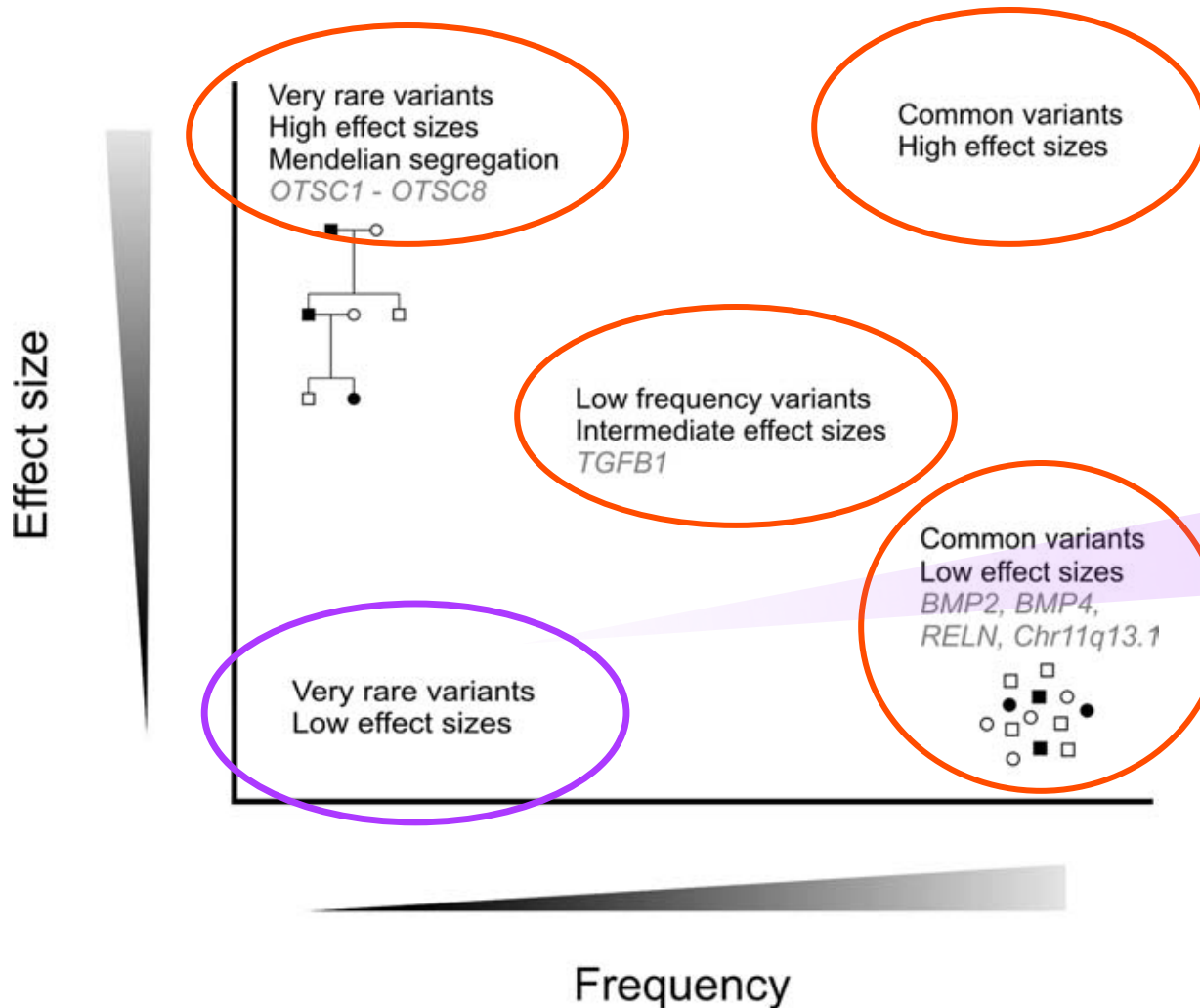
Monogenic

Believed to occur
rarely in
otosclerosis

Polygenic

Likely a genetically
heterogenous disease

Challenges to Genetic Analysis



1. Diagnosis is presumptive
2. Pedigree construction difficult
 - AD family:
Ideal for linkage analysis = 10 meioses
→ diff to find
3. Incomplete penetrance & variable expression

Otosclerosis

- 3 Generations of affected family
- Audiometrics, Op-notes, Genetic analysis

Translate Research into Practice: SLITRK6

SLITRK6

SLITRK Family of Proteins control:

SLITRK6 play role in survival and innervation:

- Neurite outgrowth
- Synaptic development
- Auditory System
- Vestib apparatus
- Retina

Mouse model: *SLITRK6*



Organ of Corti normal

↓ Cochlear innervation density

Affected mice

- ↓ Wave I ABR
- ↓ Auditory startle
- ↓ Vertical VOR gain
- ↓ Locomotor activity
- Mid-Frequency hearing loss

- Development:
 - Sensory neurons
 - Spiral & vestibular ganglia die

Patients

- 9 subjects
- Endogamous Amish Community
- Age 0.3-36.8 years (mean: 15.3 ± 13.9)

Genetic Testing

- SNP genotype & mapping
 - GeneChip Mapping 10K Assay Kit
 - All Pts homozygous for novel nonsense variant of SLITRK6

Auditory/ Vestibular

- Tympanometry
- MEMR
- DPOAE
- ABR
- PTA, SDS, SRT
- VEMP

Results

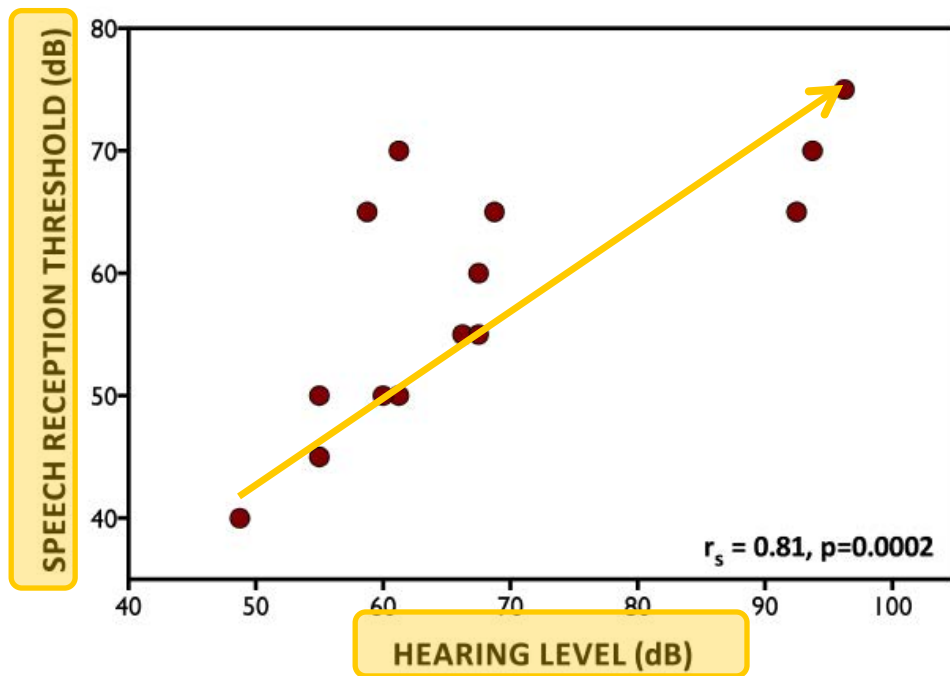
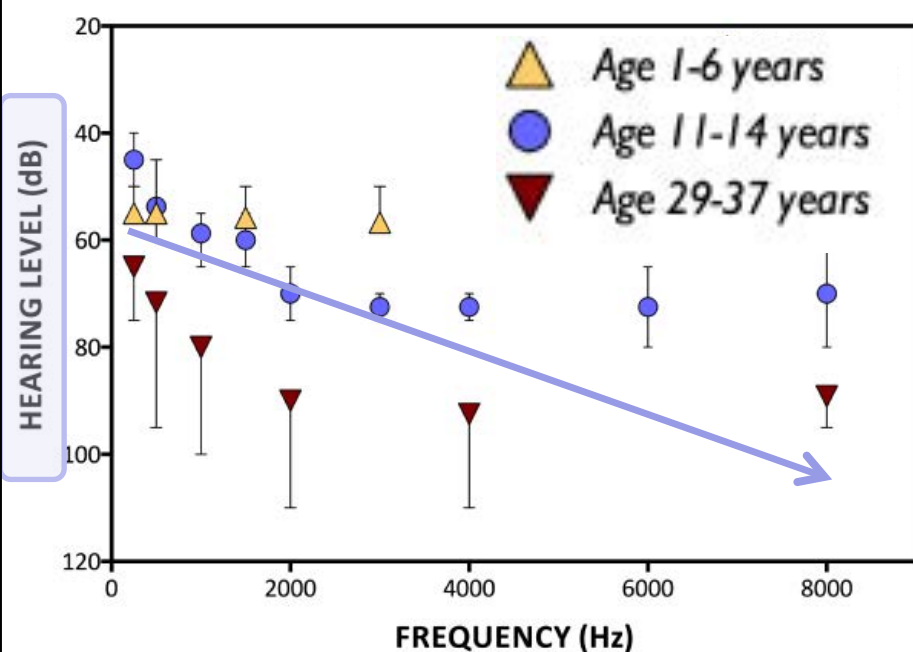
- VEMPS present in 3 of 4 ears tested

Subject ID	Age (years)	MEMR		DPOAE		CM (duration in ms)		Waves	
		Left	Right	Left	Right	Left	Right	Left	Right
1	0.3	nt	nt	nt	nt	+ (1.0)	+ (3.0)	-	-
2	1.5	nt	nt	-	-	+ (2.0)	+ (2.0)	I	I, II
3	5.6	100 dB/4 kHz	-	-	-	+ (5.0)	+ (5.0)	I	I
4	6.2	100 dB/4 kHz	-	-	-	+ (2.5)	+ (2.5)	I	I
5	11.9	100 dB/4 kHz	100 dB/4 kHz	-	-	+ (3.0)	+ (2.0)	I, V*	I
6	13.9	-	-	-	-	+ (3.0)	+ (2.5)	I	I
7	29.1	-	-	nt	nt	-	+ (0.5)	-	-
8	32.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	36.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

*No latency/intensity shift. Abbreviations: CM, cochlear microphonic; DPOAE, distortion product otoacoustic emission; MEMR, ipsilateral middle ear muscle reflex; *nt*, not tested; "-", absent response.

Results

Audiologic Testing (Audiogram)



Speech & Language Development

- Speech perception impaired out of proportion to pure tone threshold
- OHC dysfunction & auditory dys-synchrony
 - Youth: Develop speech/language
 - Adult: Good lip reading
- 2 oldest subjects
 - Hearing aid users
 - Limited benefit
- No cochlear implants used
 - Possible benefit?

Translate Research into Practice

The Laryngoscope



A homozygous nonsense mutation of SLITRK6 is associated with an autosomal recessive auditory neuropathy

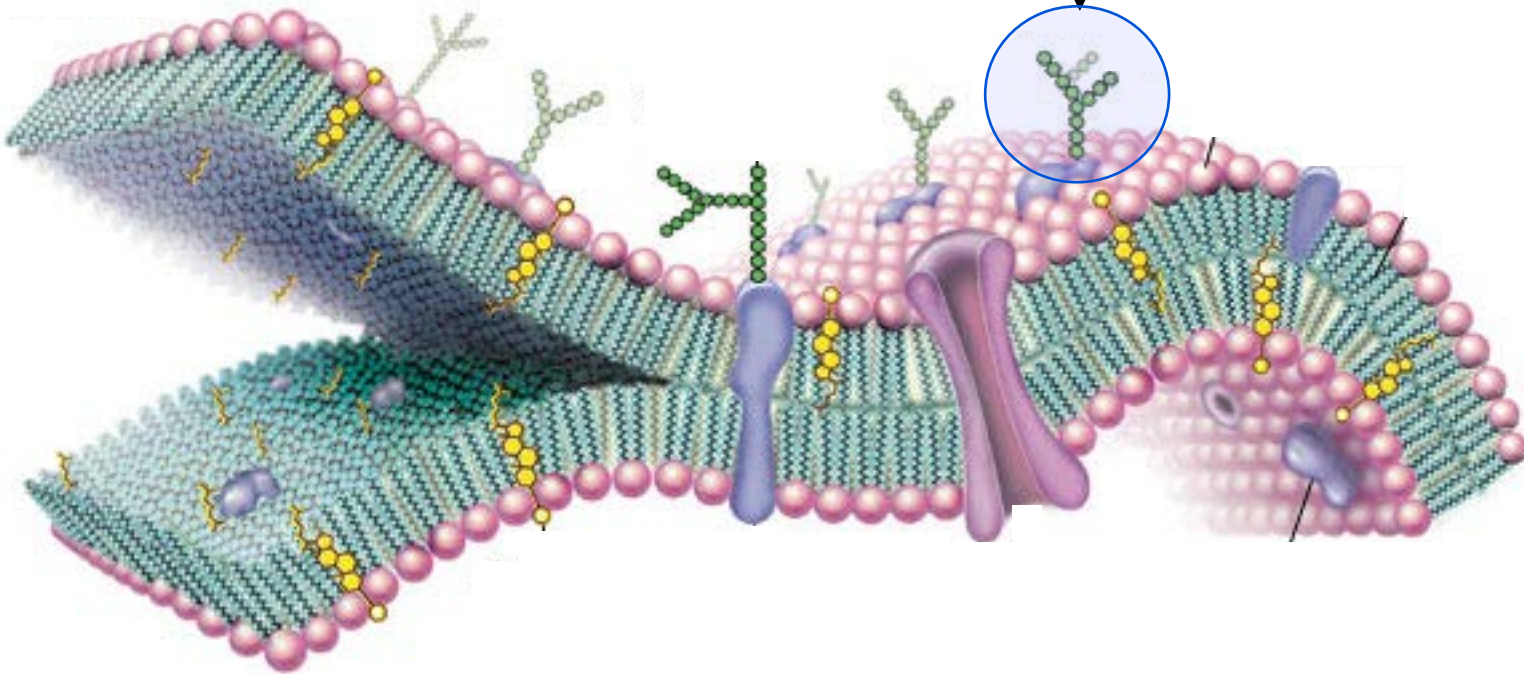
Journal:	<i>The Laryngoscope</i>
Manuscript ID:	lscope-13-0484.R1
Wiley - Manuscript type:	Original Reports
Date Submitted by the Author:	04-Apr-2013
Complete List of Authors:	Morlet, Thierry; duPont Hospital for Children, Auditory Physiology and Psychoacoustics Research Laboratory Rabinowitz, Mindy; Thomas Jefferson University, Otolaryngology- Head and Neck Surgery Looney, Liesl; duPont Hospital for Children, Audiology Riegner, Tammy; duPont Hospital for Children, Audiology Greenwood, L.; duPont Hospital for Children, Audiology Sherman, Eric; Franklin and Marshall College, Biology and Biological Foundations of Behavior Program; Swarthmore College, Biology Achilly, Nathan; Franklin and Marshall College, Biology and Biological Foundations of Behavior Program Zhu, Anni; Franklin and Marshall College, Biology and Biological Foundations of Behavior Program Yoo, Estelle; duPont Hospital for Children, Otolaryngology-Head and Neck Surgery O'Reilly, Robert; duPont Hospital for Children, Otolaryngology-Head and Neck Surgery; Thomas Jefferson University Hospital, Otolaryngology-Head and Neck Surgery; Thomas Jefferson University Hospital, Pediatrics Jinks, Robert; Franklin and Marshall College, Biology and Biological Foundations of Behavior Program Puffenberger, Erik; Franklin and Marshall College, Biology and Biological Foundations of Behavior Program; Clinic for Special Children, Heaps, Adam; Clinic for Special Children, Morton, Holmes; Franklin and Marshall College, Biology and Biological Foundations of Behavior Program; Clinic for Special Children, ; Lancaster General Hospital, Strauss, Kevin; Franklin and Marshall College, Biology and Biological Foundations of Behavior Program; Clinic for Special Children, ; Lancaster General Hospital,
Keywords - Combo:	Molecular Biology, Central auditory processing < Otolaryngology, Molecular biology < Otolaryngology, Hearing loss < Pediatric otology < Pediatrics

Translate Research into Practice: GM3 Synthase Deficiency

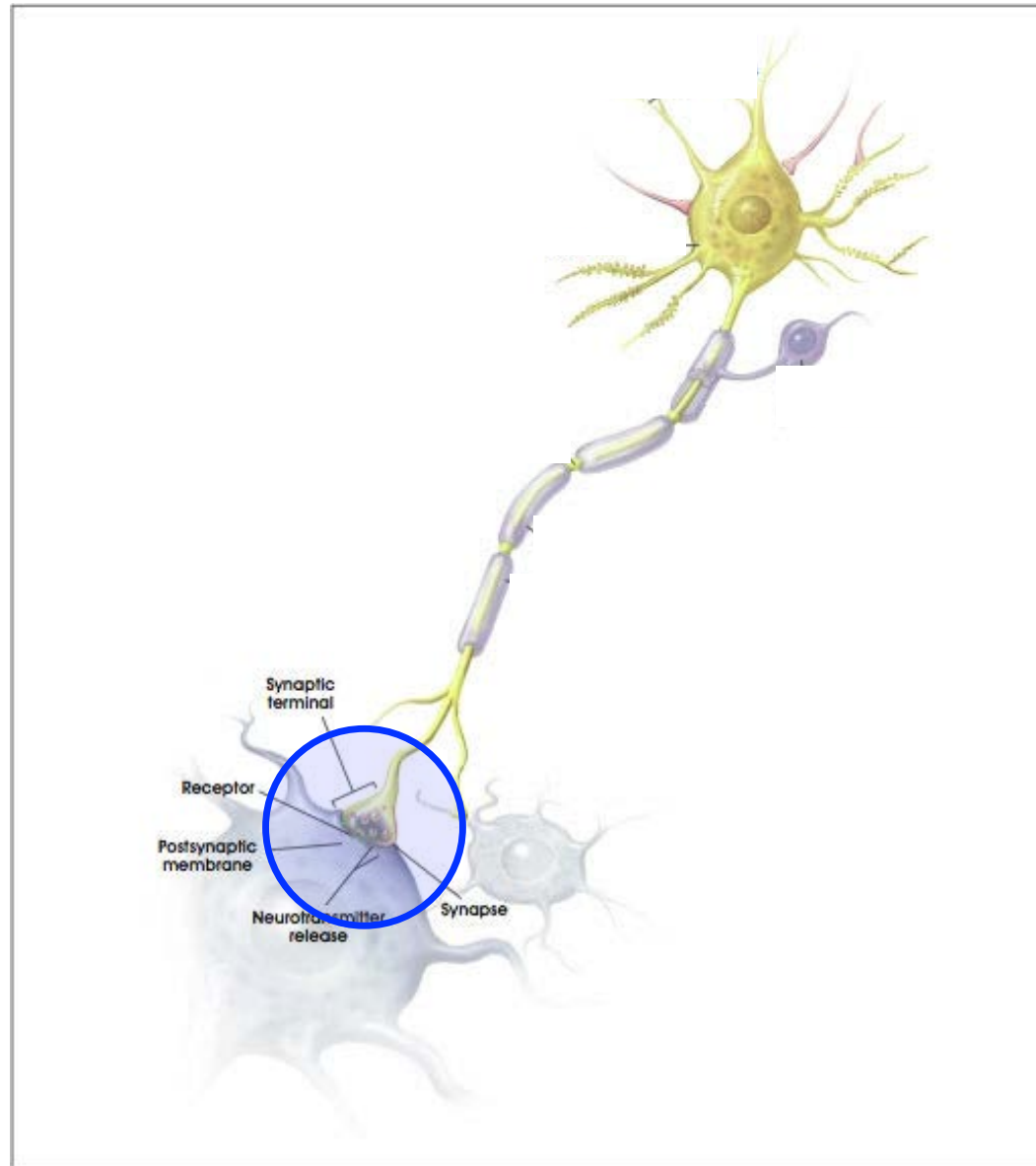
What is the Defect in GM3 Disease?

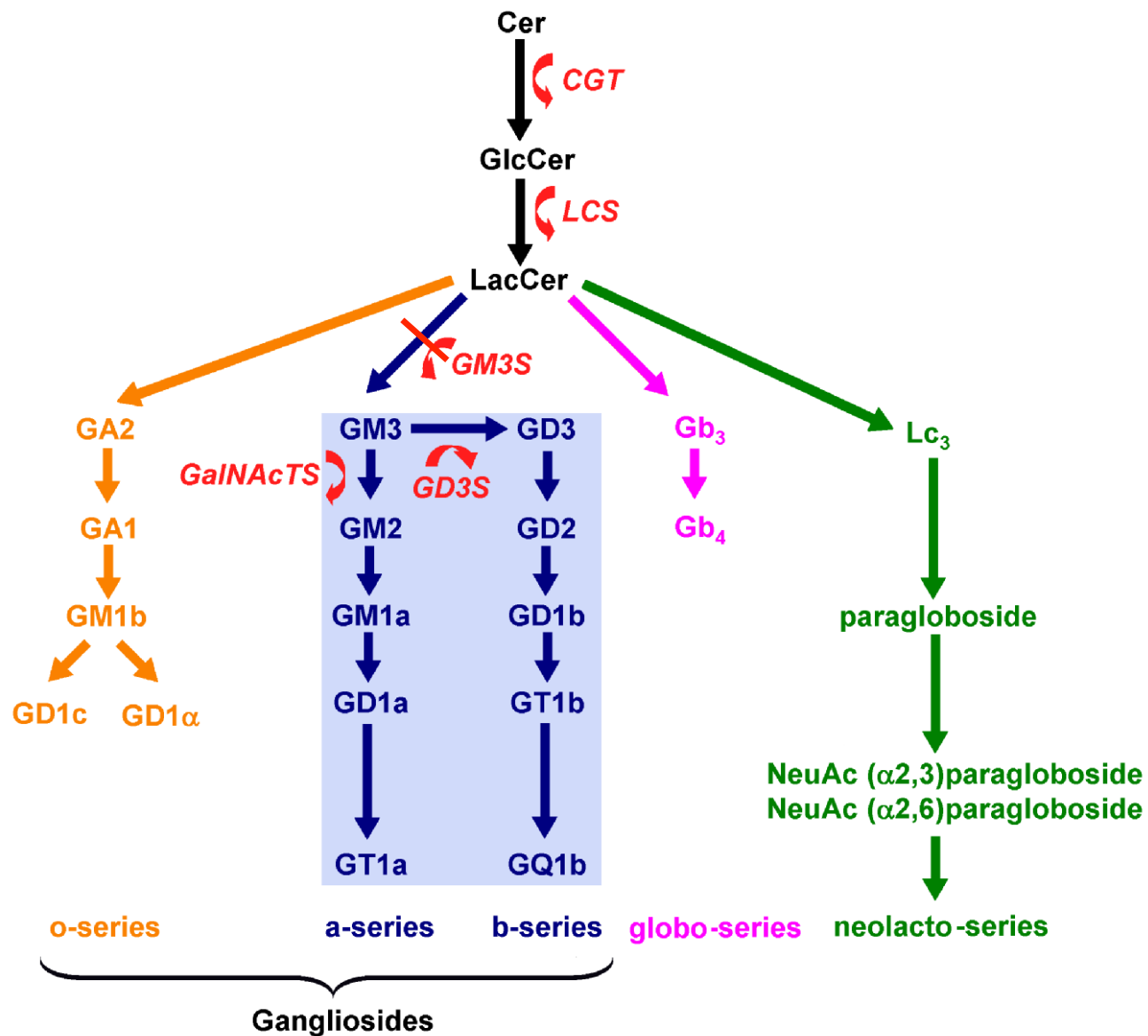
Where are Gangliosides Found in the Brain?

Gangliosides

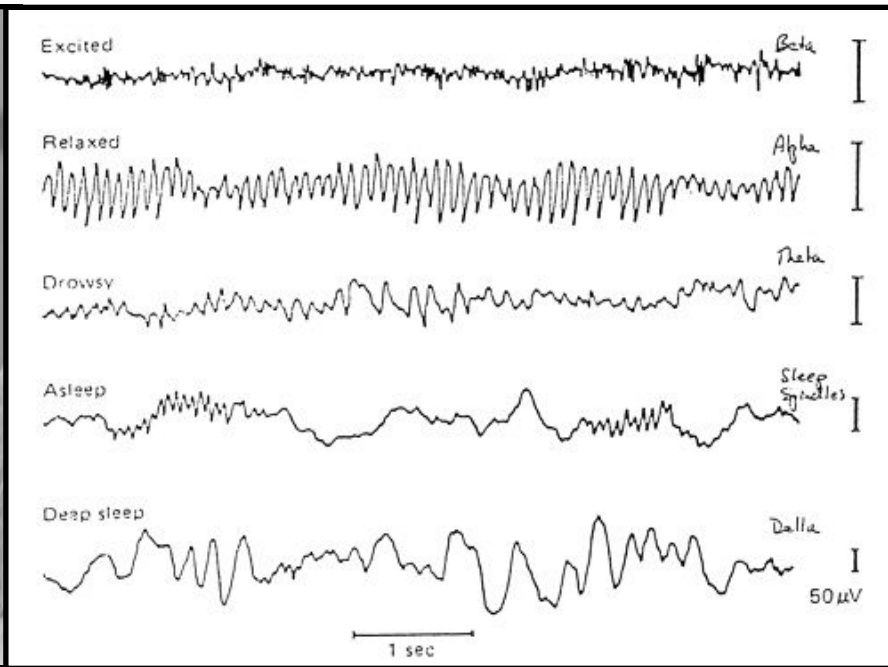


Where are Gangliosides Found in the Brain?

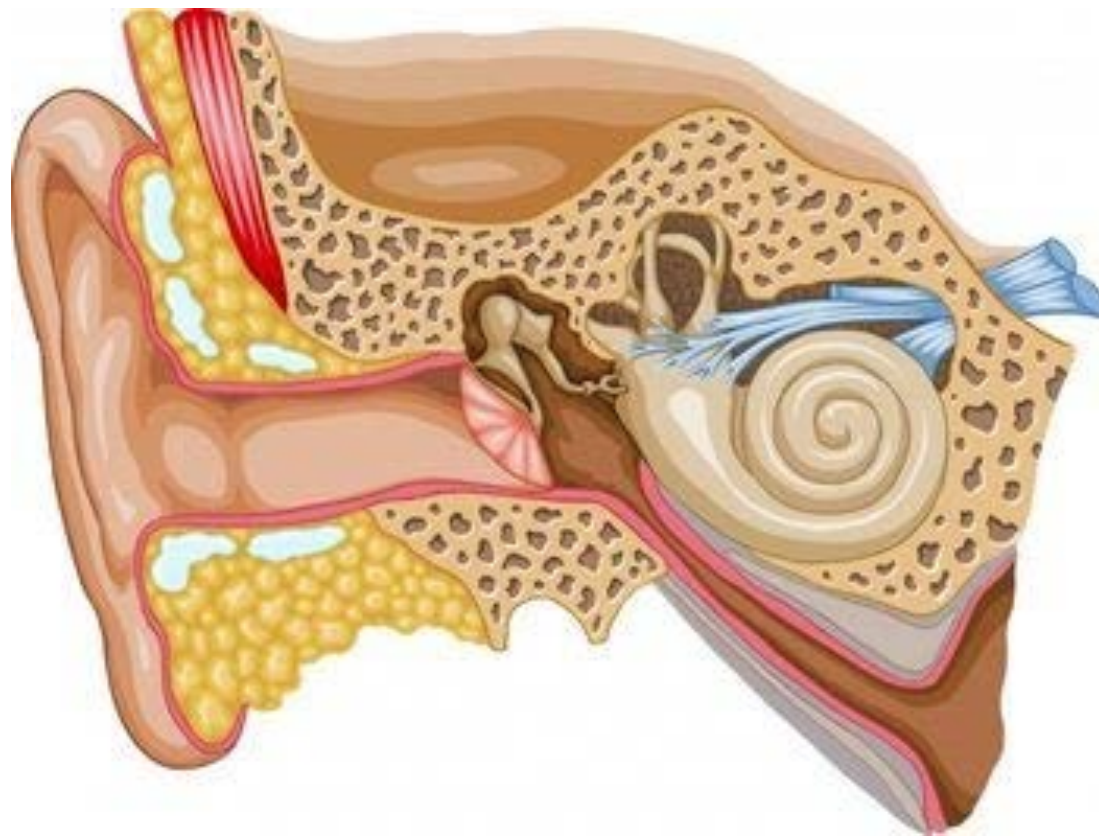




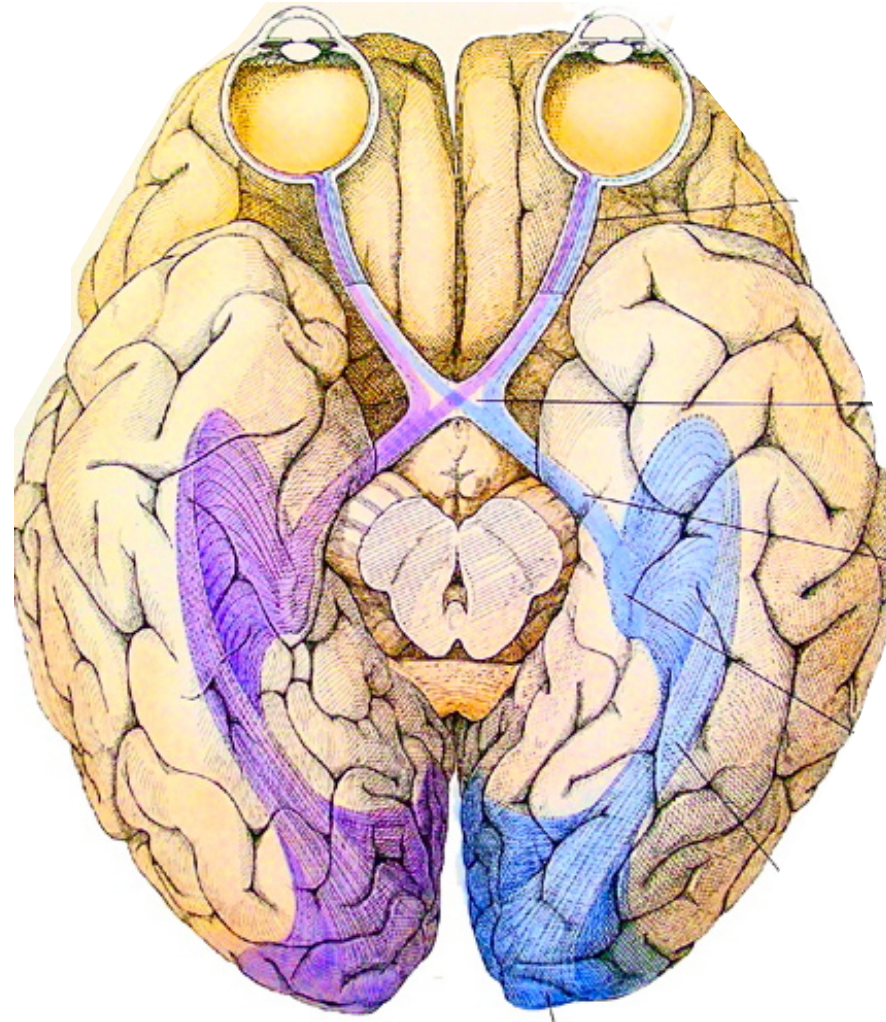
Seizures

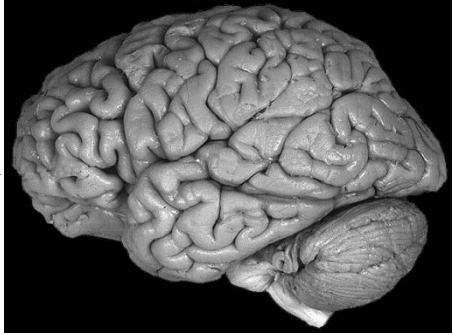
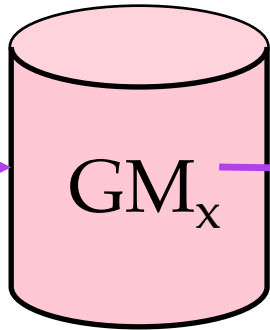
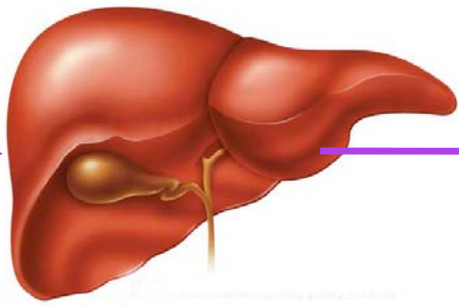
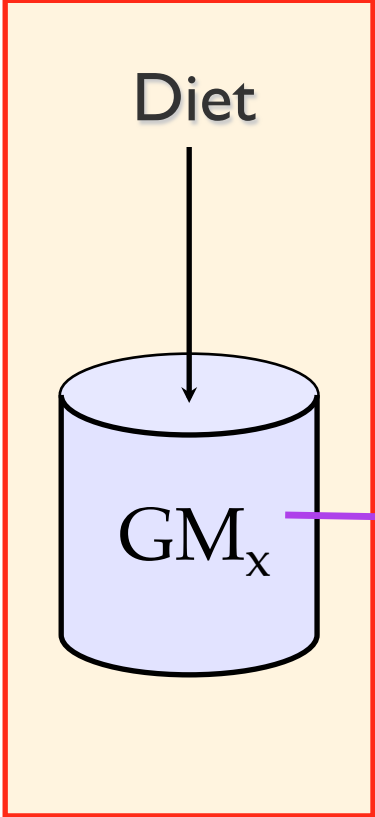


Hearing



Vision



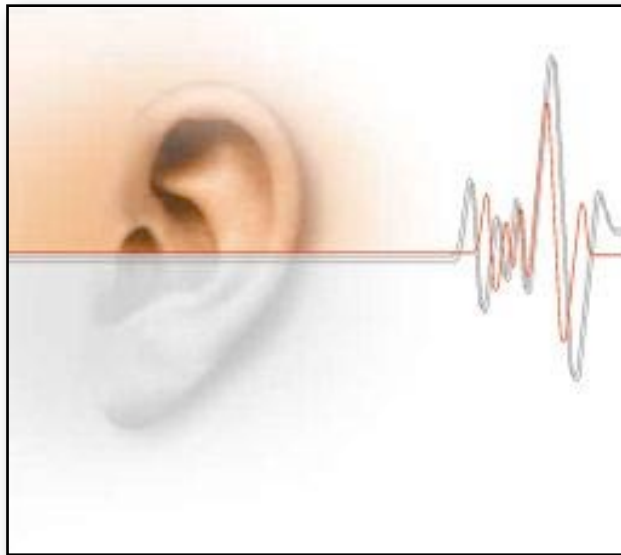


Measuring Effects

Brain Growth

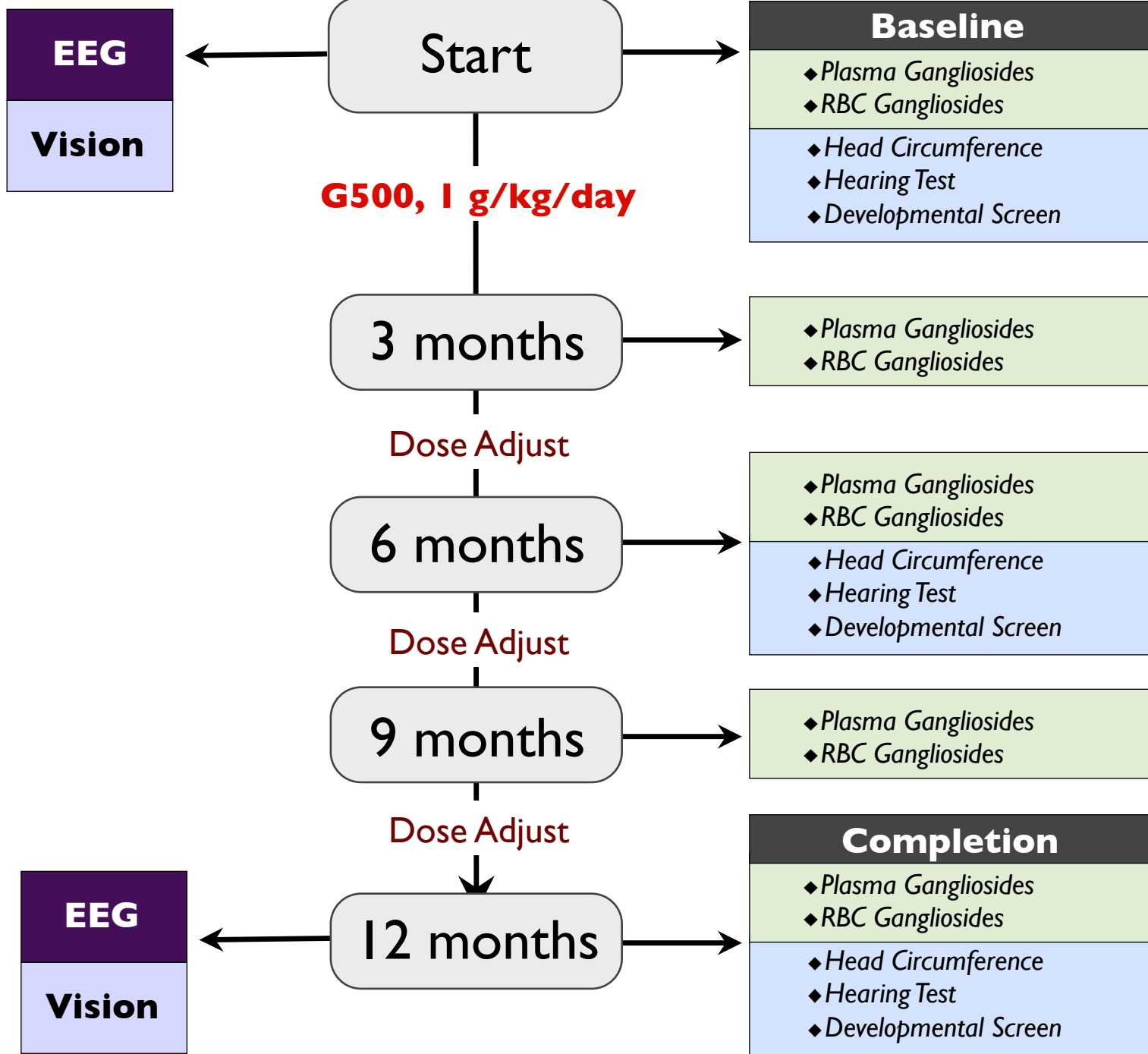


Hearing



Vision





Monitoring

- **Otoacoustic Emissions (cochlear amplifier)**
- **Auditory Brainstem Responses**
- **Cortical Responses**

- **We will also check the status of the external ear and middle ear.**
- **All tests are non invasive!**



Translate Research into Practice: Bowling-Haught Family Waardenberg's Type SNHL

Translate Research into Practice: The Difference for One Child



Translate Research into Practice: The Difference for One Child

